## **ASSIGNMENT 8**

Textbook Assignment: "Target Detection and Weapons Control," chapter 10, "Alignment," chapter 11, and "Maintenance," chapter 12, pages 10-1 through 12-40.

- 8-1. What is the function of the Naval Tactical Data System (NTDS)?
  - 1. To provide raw target information to the ship's fire control systems
  - 2. To provide raw target information to other ships
  - 3. To process target data for use by weapon systems and other ships
  - 4. To turn digital target data into raw target data for use by weapon systems
- 8-2. Which of the following tactical data does NOT describe the tactical picture supplied by NTDS?
  - 1. Real time
  - 2. Projection
  - 3. Based on available sensor data
  - 4. A correlation of sensor data
- 8-3. In addition to range and bearing, what other target information is supplied by a three-coordinate radar?
  - 1. Speed
  - 2. Elevation angle and 1FF
  - 3. 1FF only
  - 4. Target angle
- 8-4. What is the function of ECCM in a radar unit?
  - 1. To jam enemy sensors
  - 2. To deceive enemy missiles
  - 3. To mask the location of the ship
  - 4. To counter the effects of jamming
- 8-5. What type of unit is used to det and identify targets by their electronic emissions?
  - 1. ASCM
  - 2. ECCM
  - 3. ESM
  - 4. 1FF

- 8-6. Which of the following data is required to determine a target's range using ESM?
  - 1. A series of target readings
  - 2. A reading of the magnitude of the detected signal
  - 3. A source suggestion supplied by the equipment
  - 4. A vector by a second platform equipped with ESM equipment
- 8-7. Which of the following target engagement actions is NOT a function of the WCS?
  - Processing raw target data for target engagements
  - 2. Controlling target engagements
  - 3. Scheduling target engagements
  - 4. Assessing target engagements a
- 8-8. What weapon system component assigns a threat priority to targets?
  - 1. WOS
  - 2. NTDS
  - 3. IFF
  - 4. ECCM
- 8-9. What system allows all or parts of a weapon engagement to be executed automatically?
  - 1. WDS
  - 2. NTDS
  - 3. ESM
  - 4. ECCM
- 8-10. What WDS function allows for the automatic engagement of targets approaching from a specified direction?
  - 1. Custerhorn
  - 2. Auto-Engage
  - 3. Priority response
  - 4. OR zones
- 8-11. Which of the following orders is NOT an element of a gun fire control solution?
  - 1. Train orders
  - 2. Elevation orders
  - 3. Parallax orders
  - 4. Fuze orders

- 8-12. What target information does a fire control system's radar and director provide to the computer?
  - 1. Range, bearing, and elevation
  - 2. Range and bearing only
  - 3. Range, bearing and 1FF
  - 4. Range, bearing, and speed
- 8-13. What input does a stable element provide to the fire control computer?
  - 1. A stable vertical reference
  - 2. A stable horizontal reference
  - 3. Own ship's course data
  - 4. A stable central reference
- 8-14. What effect does the parallax correction account for in the control solution?
  - 1. Having a gun and the director in the same location
  - 2. Firing from a constantly moving platform
  - 3. Having the gun in a different location than the director
  - 4. The effects of interior ballistics on gun performance
- 8-15. Which of the following terms describes the speed of a projectile at the instant it leaves the bore of a gun?
  - 1. Interior ballistics
  - 2. Ballistics speed
  - 3. Initial velocity
  - 4. Initial ballistics travel
- 8-16. What effect does bore enlargement due to repeated firing of a gun have on the ballistic solution?
  - 1. It increases initial velocity
  - 2. It decreases initial velocity
  - 3. It increases ballistic speed
  - 4. It decreases ballistic speed
- 8-17. What is the function of rifling in a gun barrel?
  - 1. To provide a seal to prevent propellent gases from leaking past the projectile
  - 2. To prevent bore erosion
  - 3. To impart a stabilizing spin to projectiles when they are fired
  - 4. To stabilize the projectile in the bore of the gun when it is fired

- 8-18. Which of the following environmental factors is NOT included in exterior ballistics?
  - 1. Air density
  - 2. Bore erosion
  - 3. Gravity
  - 4. Drift
- 8-19. What environmental factor determines the amount of resistance a projectile will experience while in flight?
  - 1. Air temperature
  - 2. Air density
  - 3. Barometric pressure
  - 4. Wind
- 8-20. What are the two components of true wind?
  - 1. Range wind and cross wind
  - 2. Range wind and drift
  - 3. Drift and ballistic wind
  - 4. Ballistic wind and range wind
- 8-21. In what direction do gun projectiles tend to drift?
  - 1. With the ballistic wind
  - 2. Against the ballistic wind
  - 3. In the same direction as the gun's rifling twists
  - 4. In the direction of the cross wind
- 8-22. What reference line is used to determine the present location of the target?
  - 1. Line of sight
  - 2. Line of fire
  - 3. Sight angle
  - 4. Sight deflection
- 8-23. In the fire control problem, what reference line represents the difference between the line of fire and the line of sight?
  - 1. Sight deflection
  - 2. sight angle
  - 3. Drift
  - 4. Parallax
- 8-24. What feature allows AEGIS to rapidly detect system failures?
  - 1. conveniently located test points and jumper locations
  - 2. Built-in test
  - 3. Fault alarms
  - 4. Built-in gauges

- 8-25. What element of the AEGIS system performs automatic fault detection and system reconfiguration?
  - 1. ACTS
  - 2. ADS
  - 3. C&D
  - 4. ORTS
- 8-26. What is the purpose of the doctrine statements used in the AEGIS system?
  - 1. To define automatic actions
  - 2. To sequence target engagements
  - 3. To restrict access to weapon firing controls
  - 4. To provide computerized training for operators
- 8-27. Which of the following is NOT a function of the AN/SPY-1 radar system?
  - To provide midcourse guidance for standard missiles
  - 2. To search for targets
  - 3. To track targets
  - 4. To control air engagements
- 8-28. Which of the following AEGIS subsystems is used to control the AEGIS mission?
  - 1. ACTS
  - 2. C&D
  - 3. ORTS
  - 4. WCS
- 8-29. Which of the following AEGIS subsystems acts as an interface between C&D and the FCS?
  - 1. ACTS
  - 2. ADS
  - 3. ORTS
  - 4. WCS
- 8-30. Which of the following AEGIS subsystems provides training for system operators?
  - 1. ACTS
  - 2. ADS
  - 3. ORTS
  - 4. WCS
- 8-31. What components of the Mk 34 GWS converts the ballistic solution into gun orders?
  - 1. SDC
  - 2. GMP
  - 3. GC
  - 4. CDC

- 8-32. From what station in the Mk 34 GWS should an operator manually select the ammunition type?
  - 1. GC
  - 2. GCC
  - 3. GMP
  - 4. SDC
- 8-33. What is the function of the velocimeter of the Mk 34 GWS?
  - 1. To dampen the train and elevation movements of the gun mount
  - 2. To accurately determine target speed
  - 3. To update projectile initial velocity
  - 4. To allow all system components to track at the same rate
- 8-34. Which of the following capabilities is NOT currently available with the Mk 86 FCS?
  - 1. SM-l missile engagements
  - 2. SM-2 missile engagements
  - 3. Gun engagements with surface targets using the 5"/54 Mk 45 gun
  - 4. Gun engagements with air targets using the Mk 75 gun
- 8-35. From what position in the Mk 86 FCS is radar tracking of a target initiated?
  - 1. WCC
  - 2. COC
  - 3. I/O console
  - 4. Mk 113 control console
- 8-36. From what position in the Mk 86 FCS is ammunition selection entered?
  - 1. WCC
  - 2. COC
  - 3. I/O console
  - 4. Mk 67 control console
- 8-37. From what position in the Mk 86 FCS do operators run a system diagnosis?
  - 1. WCC
  - 2. COC
  - 3. I/O console
  - 4. Mk 67 control
- 8-38. The forward TV sight is mounted in what location on the Mk 86 FCS?
  - 1. On the AN/SPA-9A antenna
  - 2. On the AN/SPG-60 antenna
  - 3. On the optical sight gimbals
  - 4. On the data/video unit

- 8-39. The gun line-of-fire is determined in what device in the Mk 86?
  - 1. In the AN/SPR-9A
  - 2. In the MTRR
  - 3. In the AN/UYK-7
  - 4. In the WCC
- 8-40. Which of the following systems can be controlled by the Mk 92 FCS?
  - 1. The Mk 75 gun only
  - 2. The Mk 13 Mod 4 GMLS only
  - 3. The Mk 75 gun and the Mk 13 Mod 4 GMLS
  - 4. Weapons Alpha
- 8-41. What unit of the Mk 92 FCS provides long range tracking for the systems?
  - 1. CAS tracking antenna
  - 2. CAS search antenna
  - 3. STIR
  - 4. CAS WCC
- 8-42. What unit of the Mk 92 FCS provides 1FF interrogation?
  - 1. CAS tracking antenna
  - 2. CAS search antenna
  - 3. STIR
  - CAS WCC
- 8-43. Gun mount and/or missile launcher position orders originate from what location in the Mk 92 FCS?
  - 1. The CAS WCC
  - 2. The WCP
  - 3. The DEAC
  - 4. The STIR WCC
- 8-44. From what console in the Mk 92 FCS can track data be entered in casualty mode operation?
  - 1. The WCO
  - 2. The DEAC
  - 3. The WCP
  - 4. The CAS WCC
- 8-45. From what major area(s) do/does system maintenance tests check equipment?
  - 1. Alignment only
  - 2. Electrical operability only
  - 3. Gyro inputs
  - 4. Alignment and electrical operability requirements

- 8-46. What is the primary purpose of the DSOT?
  - 1. To assess missile system readiness in its normal mode of operation only
  - 2. To assess gun systems readiness in its normal mode of operation only
  - 3. To assess missile and gun systems readiness in their normal mode of operation
  - To assess missile and gun systems readiness in their causality mode of operation
- 8-47. A training missile consists of what major subassemblies?
  - 1. Training missile shape only
  - 2. Guided missile simulator only
  - 3. Training missile and guided missile simulator
  - 4. Tactical missile and guidance system
- 8-48. GMTRs are carried aboard combatant ships for what purpose?
  - 1. Handling training
  - 2. Damage control
  - 3. Display only
  - 4. Training and testing
- 8-49. When is combat system alignment established?
  - 1. When the ship is commissioned
  - 2. As the ship is constructed
  - 3. periodically by the crew while the ship is in commission
  - 4. After the ship is constructed but before it is commissioned
- 8-50. What is the job of the ship's crew in regard to combat system alignment?
  - 1. To establish alignment only
  - 2. To verify alignment only
  - 3. To establish and verify alignment
  - 4. To verify and correct alignment as necessary
- 8-51. What is the first reference plane established in a combat system?
  - 1. Centerline
  - 2. MRP
  - 3. Ship's base plane
  - 4. WCRP

- 8-52. What reference plane is used to establish train zero?
  - 1. The WCRP
  - 2. The SBP
  - 3. The MRP
  - 4. The CRP
- 8-53. What reference plane is designated as the alignment reference?
  - 1. The WCRP
  - 2. The SBP
  - 3. The MRP
  - 4. The CRP
- 8-54. For combat system elements that are equipped with alignment telescopes, what type of alignment reference marks are established?
  - 1. Centerline reference marks
  - 2. Offset centerline reference marks
  - 3. Bench marks
  - 4. Telescopic reference marks
- 8-55. What type of checks is used as a ready reference to verify gun system alignment?
  - 1. Bench mark readings
  - 2. Star checks
  - 3. Theodolite
  - 4. Tram checks
- 8-56. A tram reading determines system alignment in what manner?
  - 1. By placing a known distance between two fixed points
  - 2. By measuring the distance between two known points
  - 3. By establishing the distance between two fixed points
  - 4. By reading train and elevation angles while at known angles to the WCRP
- 8-57. Tram reading are taken by moving the gun in both directions several times with the results averaged for what reason?
  - 1. To account for play in the indicator dials
  - 2. To detect lost motion in the gear trains
  - 3. To allow for wear in the air drive motor
  - 4. To allow for roller path equalizer input

- 8-58. How should you train the gun before taking elevation tram readings?
  - 1. Move the gun to zero degrees in train
  - 2. Move the gun to 2000 minutes in elevation
  - 3. Move the gun to 90 degrees from the bearing of the high point
  - 4. Move the gun to 180 degrees from the bearing of the high point
- 8-59. What is the function of gun mount star checks?
  - 1. To align the director to a bench mark
  - 2. To verify alignment of the gun mount to the reference tram readings
  - 3. To establish parallelism between the gun and the WCRP
  - 4. To verify parallelism between the gun and the WCRP
- 8-60. What information source is used as the baseline for weapon system alignment verification?
  - 1. The SCLSIS log
  - 2. The last star checks
  - 3. The last alignment report
  - 4. OP-762
- 8-61. What section of the smooth log is used to determine spare parts available for your system?
  - 1. B
  - 2. C
  - 3. F
  - 4. J
- 8-62. What type of preventive maintenance procedures are NOT found on MRCs?
  - 1. Lubrication procedures
  - 2. Equipment material condition
  - 3. Fluid level checks
  - 4. Inspection of some adjustments
- 8-63. When, if ever, is it appropriate to lubricate mechanical equipment more often than is called for on the MRC?
  - 1. During heavy operational conditions
  - 2. During equipment layup
  - 3. During prefire checks
  - 4. Never

- 8-64. What problem(s), if any, can occur due to dirt and dried hydraulic fluid being allowed to collect on your equipment?
  - 1. Mechanical adjustments can slip
  - 2. Equipment damage can go undetected
  - 3. Hydraulic leaks can go undetected
  - 4. None
- 8-65. Which of the following is NOT a cause of gun mount mechanical equipment misalignment?
  - 1. Wear
  - 2. slippage
  - Dirt and dried hydraulic fluid accumulations
  - 4. Twisting of the ship's hull
- 8-66. What, if anything, is the difference between a maintenance man and a maintenance man's helper?
  - A maintenance man knows how to use all the tools available to him, such as MRCs, technical manuals, and common sense; a maintenance man's helper can only perform minimum skill tasks, such as PMS
  - 2. A maintenance man is senior in rank to a maintenance man's helper
  - 3. A maintenance man has been in the Navy longer than a maintenance man's helper
  - 4. Nothing
- 8-67. Which of the following statements represents the ideal situation for the identification and repair of gun mount casualties?
  - To have the gun quit working during a firing operation then find and repair the casualty
  - To discover a problem while performing prefire checks then find and repair the casualty
  - 3. To discover the problem while performing routine preventive maintenance then find and repair the casualty
  - To routinely replace gun mount components before they show any sign of wear of defect

- 8-68. Which of the following personal attributes should improve your ability to identify and repair gun mount/GMLS casualties as they occur?
  - 1. A good understanding of PMS
  - 2. A thorough understanding of how your gun mount/GMLS works
  - 3. A thorough understanding of PMS
  - 4. A thorough knowledge of MDS
- 8-69. Which of the following is a good indication that you have a problem with your preventive maintenance habits?
  - You routinely find casualties of potential casualties while performing preventive maintenance
  - 2. You routinely experience casualties while performing preventive maintenance
  - 3. You routinely experience casualties while conducting firing exercises
  - 4. You rarely experience casualties while firing the gun
- 8-70. Which of the following information is crucial to scheduling gun mount overhaul work?
  - 1. Preventive maintenance records
  - 2. The gun system supply log
  - 3. Gun casualty documentation
  - 4. The verbal recommendations of the division officer
- 8-71. Which of the following phrases best describes viscosity?
  - 1. The number of specified uses for a certain lubricant
  - 2. The prescribed temperature range for a certain lubricant
  - 3. A lubricant with additives
  - 4. The thickness of a lubricant
- 8-72. What term describes a lubricant's reaction to temperature variations?
  - 1. Viscosity
  - 2. Viscosity index
  - 3. Temperature index
  - 4. Temperature stability
- 8-73. What term describes the lowest temperature characteristic of a lubricant?
  - 1. Flash point
  - 2. Oiliness
  - 3. Flame point
  - 4. Flow point

- 8-74. Which of the following signs indicates the deterioration of a lubricant?
  - 1. The inspection date stamped on the container has been reached or passed
  - 2. Oil puddles form on the surface of grease after being stored for a while
  - 3. The lubricant changes color
  - 4. The lubricant has been exposed to open air for more than 14 days
- 8-75. In addition to lubrication, what other function(s) is/are performed through the use of lubricants?
  - 1. Corrosion prevention only
  - 2. Corrosion prevention and oxidant removal
  - 3. Seal out contamination
  - 4. Collection and removal of oxidants from the system only